

O'ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI

OLIIY VA O'RTA MAXSUS TA'LIM VAZIRLIGI

SAMARQAND DAVLAT CHET TILLAR INSTITUTI



LEKSIKOLOGIYA

FANINING O'QUV DASTURI

Bilim sohasi: 100 000 – Ta'lim

Ta'lim sohasi: 110 000 – Ta'lim

Ta'lim yo'nalishi: 60112600 – Maktabgacha va boshlang'ich ta'limda
xorijiy t'il (ingliz tili)

Fan/modul kod LEK25/608	O'quv yili 2024-2025	Semestr 5/6	ECTS – Kreditlar 8
Fan/modul turi Tanlov	Ta'lim tili O'zbek/rus	Haftadagi dars soatlari 4/6	
1.	Fanning nomi Leksikologiya	Auditoriya mashg'ulotlari (soat) 112	Jami yuklama (soat) 240
<p>I. Fanning mazmuni</p> <p>Fanning maqsadi-talabalarda hozirgi zamon ingliz tili leksikasining rivojlanish qonuniyatlarini o'chishga mos bo'lim, ko'nikma va malaka shakllantirishdir. Shuningdek, fanning maqsadi talabalarda lingvistik, lingvomadaniy va kommunikativ ko'nikma va malakalarni ingliz tili lug'at boyligi orqali shakllantirishdan iborat. Fanning vazifasi talabalarga so'z ma'nosi xususiyatlari, til lug'at tarkibining asosiy birliklari, so'zning morfologik, leksik semantik tuzilishi, so'zlarning yasatishi, frazeologik birlikmalar, so'zlarning kelib chiqishini o'rgatishdan iborat.</p> <p>Leksikologiya fani ishlab chiqarish jarayoni bilan bevosita bog'lanmagan. Fan talabalarning lug'at boyligini yangi so'z va atamalar bilan boyitishga, jonli til bilan aloqa qilishlariga, hozirgi zamon ingliz tilining o'ziga xos xususiyatlarini o'rganishlariga yordam beradi. Fan doirasida o'zlashtirilgan bilimlar ularning kelgusi kasbiy faoliyatlarida muhim ahamiyat kasb etadi.</p> <p>Fanning vazifasi-umume'tirof etilgan xalqaro me'yorlarga ko'ra talabalarning leksikologiya fanidan nazariy bilim va ko'nikmalarni hosil qilishdan iborat.</p>			
2.	<p>II. Asosiy nazariy qism (ma'ruza mashg'ulotlar)</p> <p>II.1. Fan tarkibiga quyidagi mavzular kiradi</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Lexicology as a branch of linguistics 2.Word-building Processes. Word formation through Morphology 3.Word formation through Derivations 4.Some of the minor types of modern word-building 5.Referential and Functional Approaches to the study of Word meaning. 6.Main tendencies of the Change of meaning 7.Semasiology 8.Types of semantic relations and semantic classification of the English vocabulary 9.Semantic change. Semantics of figurative meaning. 10.Types of semantic relations. Synonyms and antonyms. 11.Polysemy. Synchronic and Diachronic Approaches to Polysemy. 12.The Semantic Structure of a Polysemantic Word 13.The main types of formal and informal words 		

14. Phraseology	14. Free Word-groups and Phraseological Units
15. Free Word-groups and Phraseological Units	15. Classification of Free Word-groups and Phraseological Units
16. Classification of Free Word-groups and Phraseological Units	16. Borrowings. Assimilation of Borrowings
17. Borrowings. Assimilation of Borrowings	17. Classification of borrowings
18. Classification of borrowings	18. Regional variations
19. Regional variations	19. Lexical layers. Differentiation of the English vocabulary with respect to time axis
20. Lexical layers. Differentiation of the English vocabulary with respect to time axis	20. Etymology of the English vocabulary
21. Etymology of the English vocabulary	21. Some of the Main Problems of Lexicography
22. Some of the Main Problems of Lexicography	22. Historical Development of British and American Lexicography
23. Historical Development of British and American Lexicography	23. Main Types of English Dictionaries
24. Main Types of English Dictionaries	24. Regional and Social Varieties of English
25. Regional and Social Varieties of English	25. Context. Linguistic and Non-linguistic Contexts.
<p>III. Seminar mashg'ulotlari bo'yicha ko'rsatma va tavsiyalar:</p> <p>I.Seminar mashg'ulotlari uchun quyidagi mavzular tavsiya etiladi:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Lexicology as a branch of linguistics 2.Word-building Processes. Word formation through Morphology 3.Word formation through Derivations 4.Some of the minor types of modern word-building 5.Referential and Functional Approaches to the study of Word meaning. 6.Main tendencies of the Change of meaning 7.Semasiology 8.Types of semantic relations and semantic classification of the English vocabulary 9.Semantic change. Semantics of figurative meaning. 10.Types of semantic relations. Synonyms and antonyms. 11.Polysemy. Synchronic and Diachronic Approaches to Polysemy. 12.The Semantic Structure of a Polysemantic Word 13.The main types of formal and informal words 14. Phraseology 15. Free Word-groups and Phraseological Units 16. Classification of Free Word-groups and Phraseological Units 17. Borrowings. Assimilation of Borrowings 18. Classification of borrowings 19. Regional variations 20. Lexical layers. Differentiation of the English vocabulary with respect to time axis 21. Etymology of the English vocabulary 22. Some of the Main Problems of Lexicography 23. Historical Development of British and American Lexicography 24. Main Types of English Dictionaries 25. Regional and Social Varieties of English 	

<p>26. Context. Linguistic and Non-linguistic Contexts</p> <p>27. Lexico-semantic Groups. Semantic Fields.</p> <p>28. Types of Word Meaning</p> <p>29. Foreign Elements in Modern English</p> <p>30. Word of Native Origin and their Characteristics</p> <p>Seminar mashg'ulotlarda materiallarni izohlashni talab qiladigan muammoli masalalar muhokama qilinadi va bahslar yuritiladi, shuningdek, olimlarning fikrlari tanqidiy ko'z bilan muhokama qilinadi. Bunda kursning nazariy materialini o'zlashtirilganligini tekshirish va olgan bilimlarini amaliyotda ishlata bilishni o'rgatish; sintaktik birliklarni modellashtirish tamoyillarini va ulardan foydalana olishni o'rgatish; bakalavr talabalarini kursning ma'ruza qisimdagii ma'lum bir mavzulari bo'yicha prezentatsiyalar tayyorlashni o'rgatish kabi masalalarga katta e'tibor qaratiladi.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">IV. Mustaqil ta'lim va mustaqil ishlar</p> <p>Mustaqil ta'lim uchun tavsiya etiladigan mavzular:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Types of Dictionaries 2. Diglossia and bilingualism 3. Peculiarities of Black English 4. Various approaches to the study of set expressions and the problem of their classification 5. Lexical peculiarities of Australian variants of the English language 6. Peculiarities of slang 7. Basic lexical Divergences of British English 8. Analysis of borrowings from French Language 9. Specific features of English compounds 10. Historical development of conversion. 11. Semantic peculiarities of English antonyms 12. Russian-English lexical correlations 13. Working Definitions of Principal Concepts 14. Morphemic analysis 15. Word-composition 16. Lexical abbreviations 17. Conversion in present-day English 18. Vocabulary system 19. Phraseology 20. Word as a language unit 21. Affixation or derivation 22. Abbreviation 23. Sound interchange 24. Latin and Greek borrowings 25. French borrowings 	
---	--

<p>26. Scandinavian borrowings</p> <p>27. German borrowings</p> <p>28. The principles of classification of phraseology</p> <p>29. Phraseological combinations, unities and fusions</p> <p>30. A Word as the Unit of Language and as the Unit of Speech</p> <p>31. Concept and Meaning</p> <p>32. Word of Native Origin and their Characteristics</p> <p>33-. Foreign Elements in Modern English</p> <p>34. Etymological Doublets. Hybrids</p> <p>35. Morphological Structure of a Word</p> <p>36. Structural Types of Words</p> <p>37. Productive Ways of Word-Formation</p> <p>38. Non-productive ways of Word-formation</p> <p>39. New Tendencies in Present-Day English Word-Formation</p> <p>40. Types of Word Meaning</p> <p>41. Lexicol-semantic Groups. Semantic Fields</p> <p>42. Variants and Dialects of the English language</p> <p>43-. Regional and Social Varieties of English</p> <p>44. The Theoretical and Practical Value of English Lexicology</p> <p>45. Classification of Free Word-groups</p> <p>46. Classification of Phraseological Units</p> <p>47. Synchronic Approaches to Polysemy</p> <p>48. Diachronic Approaches to Polysemy</p> <p>49. Basic lexical Divergences of American English</p> <p>50. Lexical peculiarities of Canadian variants of the English language</p> <p>51. Lexical peculiarities of Indian variants of the English language</p> <p>52. Lexical peculiarities of American variants of the English language</p> <p>53. Italian borrowings in the English language</p> <p>54. Spanish borrowings in the English language</p> <p>55. Polysemy in the English language</p> <p>56. Synonyms in the English language</p> <p>57. Antonyms in the English language</p> <p>58. Homonyms in the English language</p> <p>59. Structural peculiarities of English antonyms</p> <p>60. Analysis of borrowings from Scandinavian Language</p> <p>61. English Colloquialism</p> <p>62. English Slang</p> <p>63. Terminology</p> <p>64. American dictionaries</p> <p>Mustaqil o'zlashtiriladigan mavzular bo'yicha talabalar tomonidan prezentatsiyalar tayyorlash va ularni taqdim qilish tavsiya etiladi.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">V. Ta'lim natijalari/ Kasbiy kompetensiyalar</p>	
<p>3. Talaba bilishi kerak:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • leksikologiya fani bo'yicha nazariy bilimlarni tushunishi va muhokama 	

<p>qilishi;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • leksikologiya fani bo'yicha mukammal va chuqur nazariy bilimlarga ega bo'lishi; • leksikologiya fani bo'yicha egallangan nazariy bilimlarni amalda qo'llay olishi; • turli kontseptsionalni tanqidiy baholash va ularni tilning aniq materiali asosida tahlil qilish; • tilning morfologik tuzilishini strukturaviy, pragmatik nuqtai nazarlardan tahlil qilish; • leksikologiya sohasidagi ilmiy izlanishlarning ijodiy ko'nikmalarini rivojlantirish; • lug'at faktlariga nisbatan mustaqil va tanqidiy ko'nikmalarni shakllantirish. 	<p>VI. Ta'lim texnologiyalari va metodlari:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ma'ruzalar; • interfaol keys-stadilar; • seminarlar (mantiqiy va tanqidiy fikrlash, tezkor savol-javoblar); • guruhlarda ishlash; • taqdimotlarni qilish; • individual loyihalar; • jamoa bo'lib ishlash va himoya qilish uchun loyihalar.
<p>VII. Kreditlarni olish uchun talablar:</p> <p>Fanga oid nazariy tushunchalarni to'la o'zlashtirish va amalda qo'llay olish, tahlil natijalarini to'g'ri aks ettira olish, o'rganilayotgan jarayonlar haqida mustaqil mushohada yuritish va oraliq nazorat shakllarida berilgan vazifa va topshiriqlarni bajarish, yakuniy nazorat bo'yicha belgilangan topshiriqlarni og'zaki va yozma shaklda topshirish.</p>	<p>Asosiy adabiyotlar</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Antrushina G.B. Leksikologiya angliyskogo yazika. Moskva: "Drofa", 2006 2. Muminov O.M. Lexicology of the English language. T.: 2006. 3. Arnold I.V. The English Word. Moskva, 1986. 4. Ginzburg. R.Z., Xidekel S.S., Knyazeva G.Yu., Sankin A.A. A course in Modern English Lexicology. Moskva, 1979. <p>Qo'shimcha adabiyotlar:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Davletbaeva D.N. Lectures on English lexicology Kazan-2010 2. Kunin G. Historical changes and English word-formation: New vocabulary items.-N.Y., 1986. <p>Axborot manbalari</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.teachingenglish. 2. www.dissertat.ru

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. www.nauka.ru 4. www.dissorg.com 5. www.uzscience.uz
<p>7. institut Kengashining 2022-yil "30" 06 dagi "H"-sonli bayoni bilan tasdiqlangan.</p>	<p>Fan/modul uchun mas'ullar:</p> <p>Shodiyev S.E.- SamDChTI, "Ingliz tili nazariy aspektlari kafedrası" mudiri, dosent.</p> <p>Suleymanova N.M.- SamDChTI, "Ingliz tili nazariy aspektlari kafedrası" dosenti.</p> <p>Bahriddinova M.Sh.- SamDChTI, "Ingliz tili nazariy aspektlari kafedrası" katta o'qituvchisi.</p> <p>Tuychiyev S.E.- SamDChTI, "Ingliz tili nazariy aspektlari kafedrası" o'qituvchisi;</p> <p>Taqrizchilar:</p> <p>A.A.Raximov – SamDChTI, "Ingliz tili o'qitish metodikasi" kafedrası mudiri, PhD.</p> <p>Sh.Sh.Xushmurodova - SamDU "Ingliz tili" kafedrası katta o'qituvchisi, f.f.n.</p>